

EXPLORE OUR ACTIVE PLATE BOUNDARY



Unlocking the Hikurangi Subduction Zone

## **W**— OUR SUBDUCTION ZONE

What is the deepest point of the Hikurangi Trench?

\_\_\_\_\_ metres

What are maps of the seafloor called?

Where is the Hikurangi subduction zone located? (circle one)

Out to sea

Underneath our feet

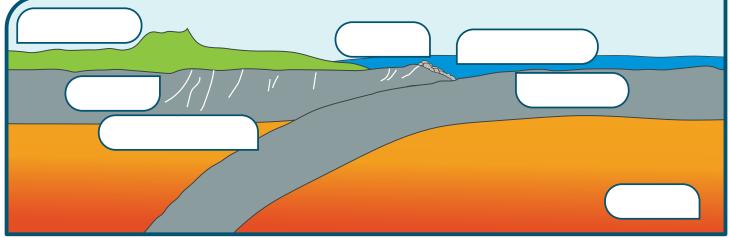
An underwater mountain that rises hundreds or thousands of metres from the sea floor is called

a \_\_\_\_\_.

One of these can be found off the east coast of

### Place these labels into the correct boxes below:

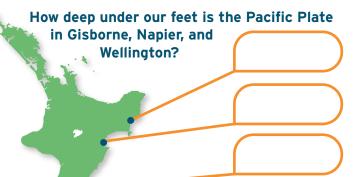
Mantle, Sediments, Oceanic Crust, Fault Lines, Hikurangi Trench, Continental Crust, Plate Boundary Fault



What are the sediments sitting on top of the oceanic crust made of?

# What might happen if a fault ruptures and the ocean floor is displaced?

When the subducted plate dives deep beneath New Zealand it undergoes a process called **Metamorphism.** The rock gets compressed and heated and transforms into a new geologic texture - Magma!



Scientists collect evidence to show when and where earthquakes have occurred. A sample of rock or sediment is called a \_\_\_\_\_\_, and layers of sediment are called \_\_\_\_\_\_.

## W---- PAST MOVEMENT

How many large subduction zone earthquakes have happened on the East Coast over the last 8,000 years? (circle one)

### None 10 50 80 100

Te Ika-a-Māui, the North Island's east coast has many sites with stepped terraces (land \_\_\_\_\_\_ in earthquakes) and drowned coastal plains (land \_\_\_\_\_\_ in earthquakes).

The flat-top hills located along the East Coast

are made of uplifted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## **₩**— CURRENT MOVEMENT

Scientists use \_\_\_\_\_\_ sites to track the

movement of tectonic plates over time.

The movement can be tracked to an accuracy of a

few \_\_\_\_\_ per year!

#### Ocean bottom seafloor pressure sensors track

the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ movement of

the seafloor.



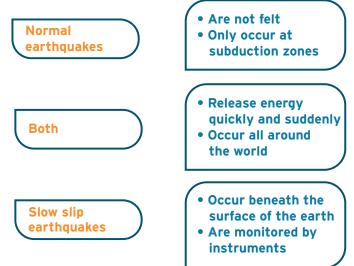
When was the first slow slip earthquake recorded in Aotearoa New Zealand?

How long do the slow slip events which happen offshore from Gisborne and Hawke's Bay every two years, last?

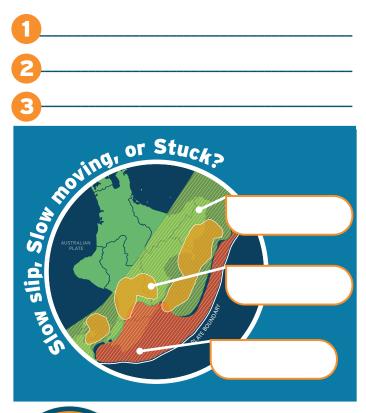
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Slow slip earthquakes occur in the Manawatū-Whangnui and Wellington area at around 30-40km deep, every 5 years. Each slip event can last 1-2 years!

### Match the earthquake type to its characteristics:



There are three monitored slow slip earthquake locations in New Zealand, where are these? (Hint: see image below)





The Hikurangi subduction zone moves at about the same rate your fingernails grow!









## Unlocking Hikurangi

### What is an 'Accretionary Wedge'?

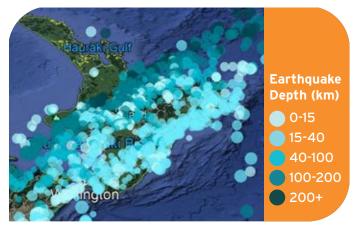
MODULE

If multiple layers of sediment or rock are called Strata, what is one single layer of sediment or rock called?

EXTENSION CHALLENGES

FOREXPERTS

# What does the below image tell us about the location and depth of the subduction zone?



# In your own words, describe how scientists collect a core sample:

**Google Search challenge:** Seismic observatories usually have instruments measuring three axes:

\_\_\_\_\_ (y-axis),

\_\_\_\_\_ (x-axis), and \_\_\_\_\_\_ (z-axis).

# In your own words, describe how a seismometer works









